



Year Six: National Parks

Knowledge Organiser



The Big Idea

National Parks have been established in the UK to conserve, preserve, restore and protect the most important natural and wild places. In addition, National Parks envelope our cultural heritage, with reference to agriculture; food production and rural ways of life; including foraging and fishing. The UK's National Parks, through tourism, promote people's immersion in the natural world, through exploration and other outdoor pursuits. Today, National Parks are developing more sustainable forms of tourism, which aim to protect and restore the environment for future generations.

What is a National Park?



National Parks were created to preserve and enhance their natural beauty and provide recreational opportunities for the public. There are 15 National Parks in the UK - 10 in England, 3 in Wales and 2 in Scotland.

Human and Physical Features

The Lake District and The Pembrokeshire National Park have similar and different human and physical features. Both have human features such as buildings and bridges, but The Pembrokeshire national park is predominantly, but not exclusively, coastal whereas The Lake District is not predominantly coastal.



Tourism

About 68% of visitors to National Parks are families, most coming in a group with under five people. Tourism is the main source of income for Lake District economy.



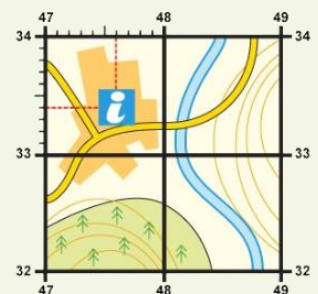
Sustainability



Many initiatives are used to promote sustainable and eco-tourism; nature conservation, preservation and restoration and increasing biodiversity in National Parks.

Grid references

Six-figure grid references let you accurately describe a location within inside a grid square.



Vocabulary

National Park sustainable tourism conservation reservoir
physical geographical features human geographical features